UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

x QUARTERLY RE	PORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF TH	E SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	CT OF
	For the quar	terly period ended September 30, 201	6	
		or		
☐ TRANSITION R	EPORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF TI	HE SECURITIES EXCHANGE	ACT O
	For the transition	on period from to		
	Com	mission file number: 001-35908		
AR		FFLER PROPE ne of Registrant as Specified in its Cha	·	
	Maryland —	_	46-1214914	
(Stat	e of Organization)		(IRS Employer Identification No.)	
Virgin	Park Avenue, Suite 2100 ia Beach, Virginia rincipal Executive Offices)		23462 (Zip Code)	
	(Regist	(757) 366-4000 rant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)	
	or for such shorter period that th		or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of ports), and (2) has been subject to such fil	
	to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T		bsite, if any, every Interactive Data File uch shorter period that the Registrant was	
		ted filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accel naller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2	erated filer or a smaller reporting compan of the Exchange Act. (Check one):	ıy. See
Large Accelerated Filer]		Accelerated Filer	\boxtimes
Non-Accelerated Filer	☐ (Do not check if a smaller rep	porting company)	Smaller reporting company	
Indicate by check mark whether the	ne Registrant is a shell company	y (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Excha	nge Act).	

As of November 1, 2016, the Registrant had 36,425,422 shares of common stock outstanding.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Table of Contents

		Page
Part I. Finan	<u>cial Information</u>	1
Item 1.	Financial Statements	1
<u>Item 2.</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	19
<u>Item 3.</u>	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	34
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	34
Part II. Othe	r Information	35
<u>Item 1.</u>	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	35
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	35
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	35
<u>Item 3.</u>	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	35
<u>Item 4.</u>	Mine Safety Disclosures	35
<u>Item 5.</u>	Other Information	35
<u>Item 6.</u>	<u>Exhibits</u>	35
<u>Signatures</u>		36

PART I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except par value and share data)

	Se	eptember 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(U	NAUDITED)	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Real estate investments:			
Income producing property	\$	844,127	\$ 579,000
Held for development		1,933	1,180
Construction in progress		13,895	 53,411
		859,955	633,591
Accumulated depreciation		(133,288)	(125,380)
Net real estate investments		726,667	 508,211
Real estate investments held for sale		_	40,232
Cash and cash equivalents		23,890	26,989
Restricted cash		3,471	2,824
Accounts receivable, net		15,100	21,982
Notes receivable		49,935	7,825
Construction receivables, including retentions		39,981	36,535
Construction contract costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings		419	88
Equity method investments		10,360	1,411
Other assets		62,022	43,450
Total Assets	\$	931,845	\$ 689,547
<u>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</u>			
Indebtedness, net	\$	513,993	\$ 377,593
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		10,604	6,472
Construction payables, including retentions		51,203	52,067
Billings in excess of construction contract costs and estimated earnings		6,560	2,224
Other liabilities		39,517	25,471
Total Liabilities	\$	621,877	\$ 463,827
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 34,255,874 and 30,076,359 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		342	300
Additional paid-in capital		153,571	102,906
Distributions in excess of earnings		(46,066)	(53,010)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		_	(648)
Total stockholders' equity		107,847	49,548
Noncontrolling interests		202,121	176,172
Total Equity		309,968	225,720
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	931,845	\$ 689,547

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Revenues \$ 25,305 \$ 21,303 \$ 72,839 \$ 1 General contracting and real estate services revenues 38,552 53,822 108,555 1 Total revenues 63,857 75,125 181,394 1 Expenses 8,834 4,865 16,234 1 Real estate taxes 2,356 2,056 7,087 1 General contracting and real estate services expenses 37,274 51,716 104,336 1 Depreciation and amortization 8,885 6,317 25,636 1 Depreciation and amortization expenses 2,156 1,973 6,664 1 Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs 345 288 1,486 1 Impairment charges 149 — 184 1 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th colspan="3">Three Months Ended September 30,</th><th></th><th colspan="4">Nine Months Ended September 30,</th></td<>			Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Rental revenues \$ 25,305 \$ 21,303 \$ 72,839 \$ 1 General contracting and real estate services revenues 38,552 53,822 108,555 1 Total revenues 63,857 75,125 181,394 1 Expenses 5,834 4,865 16,224 2 Rental capenses 5,834 4,865 16,234 1 Rent clatate taxes 2,356 2,056 7,087 1 General contracting and real estate services expenses 37,274 51,716 104,336 1 Depreciation and amoritization 8,885 6,317 25,536 2 6 6 7 6 7 16 6 7 16 1,22			2016		2015		2016		2015		
Comman C	Revenues										
Page	Rental revenues	\$	25,305	\$	21,303	\$	72,839	\$	59,401		
Expenses 5,834 4,865 16,234 Real estate taxes 2,356 2,056 7,087 General contracting and real estate services expenses 37,274 51,716 104,336 1 Depreciation and amoritzation 8,885 6,317 25,336 2 General and administrative expenses 2,156 1,873 6,664 Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs 345 288 1,486 Impairment charges 149 184 Impairment charges 56,999 67,115 161,827 1 Operating income 6,805 8,010 19,567 Interest income 1,024 1,928 Interest sincome 4,124 3,518 (11,893) Interest sincome 4,024 3,518 (11,893) Interest income 1,024 1,928 Interest income 3,753 3,040 Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives 498 (51) 2,246 Other income	General contracting and real estate services revenues		38,552		53,822		108,555		129,959		
Renal expenses 5,834 4,865 16,234 Real estate taxes 2,336 2,056 7,087 General contracting and real estate services expenses 37,274 51,716 104,336 1 Depreciation and amortization 8,885 6,317 25,536 2 General and administrative expenses 2,156 1,873 6,864 4 Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs 345 288 1,486 1 Impairment charges 16,999 67,115 161,827 1 1 Total expenses 56,999 67,115 161,827 1	Total revenues		63,857		75,125		181,394		189,360		
Real estate taxes 2,356 2,056 7,087 General contracting and real estate services expenses 37,274 51,716 104,336 1 Depreciation and amortization 8,885 6,317 25,536 2 General and administrative expenses 2,156 1,873 6,864 4 Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs 345 288 1,486 1 Impairment charges 149 — 184 1 Total expenses 56,999 67,115 161,827 1 Operating income 6,858 8,010 19,567 1 Interest income 1,024 — 1,928 1	Expenses										
General contracting and real estate services expenses 37,274 51,716 104,336 1 Depreciation and amortization 8,885 6,317 25,636 25,636 4 General and administrative expenses 2,156 1,873 6,664 4 Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs 345 288 1,446 1 Impairment charges 149 — 184 1 Operating income 6,858 8,010 19,567 1 Interest income 1,024 — 1,928 1 Interest expense (4,124) (3,518) (11,983) 1 Loss on extinguishment of debt (82) (3) (82) 1 Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives 498 (51) (2,264) 1 Other income 35 17 154 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Rental expenses		5,834		4,865		16,234		14,256		
Depreciation and amortization	Real estate taxes		2,356		2,056		7,087		5,672		
General and administrative expenses 2,156 1,873 6,864 Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs 345 288 1,486 Impairment charges 149 — 184 Total expenses 56,999 67,115 161,827 1 Operating income 6,858 8,00 19,567 1 Interest income 1,024 — 1,928 1 Interest expense (4,124) (3518) (11,893) 1 Loss on extinguishment of debt (82) (3 (82) 3 (42) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 3 6 2 1 3 4 1 1 1 1 4 4 3 6 2 2 4 3 </td <td>General contracting and real estate services expenses</td> <td></td> <td>37,274</td> <td></td> <td>51,716</td> <td></td> <td>104,336</td> <td></td> <td>125,141</td>	General contracting and real estate services expenses		37,274		51,716		104,336		125,141		
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs 345 288 1,486 Impairment charges 149 — 184 Total expenses 56,999 67,115 161,827 1 Operating income 6,858 8,010 19,287 1 Interest income 1,024 — 1,928 1 Interest expense (4,124) (3,518) (11,893) 1 Loss on extinguishment of debt (82) (3) (82) 3 Gain on real estate dispositions 3,753 — 30,440 3 1,24	Depreciation and amortization		8,885		6,317		25,636		16,991		
Total expenses	General and administrative expenses		2,156		1,873		6,864		6,297		
Total expenses	Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs		345		288		1,486		1,050		
Operating income 6,858 8,010 19,567 Interest income 1,024 — 1,928 Interest expense (4,124) (3,518) (11,893) Loss on extinguishment of debt (82) (3) (82) Gain on real estate dispositions 3,753 — 30,440 Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives 498 (51) (2,264) Other income 35 17 154 Income before taxes 7,962 4,455 37,850 Income tax provision (16) (118) (240) Net income 7,946 4,337 37,610 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 \$ 2,688 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit:	Impairment charges		149		_		184		23		
Interest income	Total expenses		56,999		67,115		161,827		169,430		
Interest expense	Operating income		6,858		8,010		19,567		19,930		
Coss on extinguishment of debt Gaz Gaz Gaz Gain on real estate dispositions 3,753 — 30,440 Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives 498 (51) (2,264) Other income 35 17 154 Income before taxes 7,962 4,455 37,850 Income tax provision (16) (118) (240) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders 5,212 5,268 2,4616 Net income per share and unit: Basic and diluted 5,015 5,010 5,077 5,077 Weighted-average outstanding: Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit 5,018 5,017 5,054 Comprehensive income: Net income 7,946 4,337 3,7610 5,054 Comprehensive income: Net income 7,946 7,946 7,947 7,948 7,946 7,946 7,946 7,947 7,948 7,946	Interest income		1,024		_		1,928		_		
Gain on real estate dispositions 3,753 — 30,440 Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives 498 (51) (2,264) Other income 35 17 154 Income before taxes 7,962 4,455 37,850 Income tax provision (16) (118) (240) Net income 7,946 4,337 37,610 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income per share and unit: S. 5,212 \$ 2,688 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: S. 0,15 \$ 0,10 \$ 0,77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: S. 2,522 25,958 31,913 \$ Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 \$ Assign and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 \$ Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit 8 0,18 0,17 5 0,54 \$ Comprehensive income: S. 7,946 4,337 37,610 \$	Interest expense		(4,124)		(3,518)		(11,893)		(9,922		
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives 498 (51) (2,264) Other income 35 17 154 Income before taxes 7,962 4,455 37,850 Income tax provision (16) (118) (240) Net income 7,946 4,337 37,610 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 \$ 2,688 \$ 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: The income per share and unit: The income per share and unit: The income shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 The income shares The income shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 The income shares 11,720 15,919 16,956 The income shares The income shares 31,913 The income shares The income shares 11,720 15,919 16,956 The income shares The income shares The income shares <td <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>Loss on extinguishment of debt</td><td></td><td>(82)</td><td></td><td>(3)</td><td></td><td>(82)</td><td></td><td>(410</td></td>	<td>Loss on extinguishment of debt</td> <td></td> <td>(82)</td> <td></td> <td>(3)</td> <td></td> <td>(82)</td> <td></td> <td>(410</td>		Loss on extinguishment of debt		(82)		(3)		(82)		(410
Other income 35 17 154 Income before taxes 7,962 4,455 37,850 Income tax provision (16) (118) (240) Net income 7,946 4,337 37,610 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 \$ 2,688 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: \$ 0.15 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.77 \$ Basic and diluted \$ 0.15 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: \$ 33,792 25,958 31,913 \$ Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 \$ Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 \$ Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610	Gain on real estate dispositions		3,753		_		30,440		13,407		
Income before taxes 7,962 4,455 37,850 Income tax provision (16) (118) (240) Net income 7,946 4,337 37,610 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 2,688 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: \$ 0.15 0.10 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: \$ 33,792 25,958 31,913 \$ Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 \$ Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 \$ Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 \$ Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit 0.18 0.17 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: \$ 7,946 4,337 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses - (1,026) -	Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives		498		(51)		(2,264)		(238		
Income tax provision (16) (118) (240) Net income 7,946 4,337 37,610 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 2,688 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: Basic and diluted \$ 0.15 0.10 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 16,956 17,720 15,919 16,956<	Other income		35		17		154		56		
Net income 7,946 4,337 37,610 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 \$ 2,688 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: Basic and diluted \$ 0.15 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: Tommon shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 Tommon units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit 0.18 0.17 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Income before taxes		7,962		4,455		37,850		22,823		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (2,734) (1,649) (12,994) Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 2,688 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: Basic and diluted \$ 0.15 0.10 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: Use of the color of the colo	Income tax provision		(16)		(118)		(240)		(83)		
Net income attributable to stockholders \$ 5,212 \$ 2,688 \$ 24,616 \$ Net income per share and unit: Basic and diluted \$ 0.15 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: Common shares 25,958 31,913 Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Net income		7,946		4,337		37,610		22,740		
Net income per share and unit: Basic and diluted \$ 0.15 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: Tommon shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(2,734)		(1,649)		(12,994)		(8,426		
Basic and diluted \$ 0.15 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.77 \$ Weighted-average outstanding: Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Net income attributable to stockholders	\$	5,212	\$	2,688	\$	24,616	\$	14,314		
Weighted-average outstanding: Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Net income per share and unit:										
Common shares 33,792 25,958 31,913 Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Basic and diluted	\$	0.15	\$	0.10	\$	0.77	\$	0.56		
Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) — —	Weighted-average outstanding:										
Common units 17,720 15,919 16,956 Basic and diluted 51,512 41,877 48,869 Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) — —	Common shares		33,792		25,958		31,913		25,532		
Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit \$ 0.18 \$ 0.17 \$ 0.54 \$ Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses - (1,026) -	Common units		17,720				16,956		15,159		
Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Basic and diluted		51,512		41,877		48,869		40,691		
Comprehensive income: Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	Dividends and distributions declared per common share and unit	\$	0.18	\$	0.17	\$	0.54	\$	0.51		
Net income \$ 7,946 \$ 4,337 \$ 37,610 \$ Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —	-					_		_			
Unrealized cash flow hedge losses — (1,026) —		\$	7.946	\$	4.337	\$	37.610	\$	22,740		
		Ψ	-,510	4		4		Ψ	(1,574		
	-		_				_		13		
Comprehensive income 7,946 3,324 37,610	-		7 946				37 610		21,179		
	-								(7,837		
		\$		\$		\$		\$	13,342		

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity

(In thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

	Shares of common stock	c	Common Stock	Additional id-in capital	tributions in	cumulated other oprehensive loss	si	Total tockholders' equity	Noncontrol interests		To	otal Equity
Balance, January 1, 2016	30,076,359	\$	300	\$ 102,906	\$ (53,010)	\$ (648)	\$	49,548	\$	176,172	\$	225,720
Net income	_		_	_	24,616	_		24,616		12,994		37,610
Dedesignation of cash flow hedge	_		_	_	_	648		648		400		1,048
Net proceeds from sales of common stock	4,079,482		40	49,865	_	_		49,905		_		49,905
Restricted stock awards	119,985		2	1,118	_	_		1,120		_		1,120
Restricted stock award forfeitures	(19,952)		_	(216)	_	_		(216)		_		(216)
Acquisitions of real estate investments in exchange for operating partnership units	_		_	(100)	_	_		(100)		21,178		21,078
Redemption of operating partnership units	_		_	(2)	_	_		(2)		(56)		(58)
Dividends and distributions declared			_		 (17,672)	 		(17,672)		(8,567)		(26,239)
Balance, September 30, 2016	34,255,874	\$	342	\$ 153,571	\$ (46,066)	\$ 	\$	107,847	\$	202,121	\$	309,968

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (Unaudited)

Net cash provided by financing activities

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period

		onths Ended ember 30,
	2016	2015
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 37,610	\$ 22,740
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation of buildings and tenant improvements	17,055	13,998
Amortization of leasing costs and in-place lease intangibles	8,581	2,993
Accrued straight-line rental revenue	(765)) (1,724
Amortization of leasing incentives and above or below-market rents	(61)) 564
Accrued straight-line ground rent expense	291	224
Bad debt expense	178	123
Noncash stock compensation	864	755
Impairment charges	184	23
Noncash interest expense	687	791
Noncash loss on extinguishment of debt	82	410
Gain on real estate dispositions	(30,440)	(13,407
Change in the fair value of derivatives	2,264	238
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Property assets	(4,938)) (2,524
Property liabilities	3,856	2,369
Construction assets	(5,863)	(29,027
Construction liabilities	9,197	19,078
Net cash provided by operating activities	38,782	17,624
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Development of real estate investments	(48,671)	(40,293
Tenant and building improvements	(4,399)	(3,794
Acquisitions of real estate investments, net of cash received	(177,865)	(64,945
Dispositions of real estate investments	96,312	50,613
Government development grants	_	300
Notes receivable issuances	(42,110)	-
(Decrease) increase in restricted cash	(210)) 742
Leasing costs	(1,601)) (1,715
Leasing incentives	(188)) (1,563
Contributions to equity method investments	(8,949)	<u> </u>
Net cash used for investing activities	(187,681)	(60,655
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sales of common stock	51,088	7,687
Offering costs	(1,183)) (321
Debt issuances, credit facility and construction loan borrowings	290,105	200,267
Debt and credit facility repayments, including principal amortization	(167,659)) (153,321
Debt issuance costs	(1,791)	(1,844
Redemption of operating partnership units	(58)) (79
Dividends and distributions	(24,702)	(20,050

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

145,800

(3,099)

26,989

23,890

\$

\$

32,339

(10,692)

25,883

15,191

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Business of Organization

Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. (the "Company") is a full service real estate company with extensive experience developing, building, owning and managing high-quality, institutional-grade office, retail and multifamily properties in attractive markets throughout the Mid-Atlantic United States. The Company is the sole general partner of Armada Hoffler, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"). The operations of the Company are carried on primarily through the Operating Partnership and the wholly owned subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership. Both the Company and the Operating Partnership were formed on October 12, 2012 and commenced operations upon completion of the underwritten initial public offering of shares of the Company's common stock and certain related formation transactions on May 13, 2013.

As of September 30, 2016, the Company owned 100% of the interests in, and consolidated for financial reporting purposes, each of the following properties in its operating property portfolio:

Property	Segment	Location
4525 Main Street	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Armada Hoffler Tower	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Commonwealth of Virginia - Chesapeake	Office	Chesapeake, Virginia
Commonwealth of Virginia - Virginia Beach	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia
One Columbus	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Two Columbus	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
249 Central Park Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Alexander Pointe	Retail	Salisbury, North Carolina
Bermuda Crossroads	Retail	Chester, Virginia
Broad Creek Shopping Center	Retail	Norfolk, Virginia
Broadmoor Plaza	Retail	South Bend, Indiana
Columbus Village	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Commerce Street Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Courthouse 7-Eleven	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia
Dick's at Town Center	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Dimmock Square	Retail	Colonial Heights, Virginia
Fountain Plaza Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Gainsborough Square	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia
Greentree Shopping Center	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia
Hanbury Village	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia
Harper Hill Commons	Retail	Winston-Salem, North Carolina
Harrisonburg Regal	Retail	Harrisonburg, Virginia
North Hampton Market	Retail	Taylors, South Carolina
North Point Center	Retail	Durham, North Carolina
Oakland Marketplace	Retail	Oakland, Tennessee
Parkway Marketplace	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia
Patterson Place	Retail	Durham, North Carolina
Perry Hall Marketplace	Retail	Perry Hall, Maryland
Providence Plaza	Retail	Charlotte, North Carolina
Sandbridge Commons	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia
Socastee Commons	Retail	Myrtle Beach, South Carolina
Southgate Square	Retail	Colonial Heights, Virginia

Property	Segment	Location
Southshore Shops	Retail	Chesterfield, Virginia
South Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
South Square	Retail	Durham, North Carolina
Stone House Square	Retail	Hagerstown, Maryland
Studio 56 Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Tyre Neck Harris Teeter	Retail	Portsmouth, Virginia
Waynesboro Commons	Retail	Waynesboro, Virginia
Wendover Village	Retail	Greensboro, North Carolina
Encore Apartments	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Liberty Apartments	Multifamily	Newport News, Virginia
Smith's Landing	Multifamily	Blacksburg, Virginia
The Cosmopolitan	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*

^{*}Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

As of September 30, 2016, the following properties that the Company consolidates for financial statement purposes were under development or construction:

Property	perty Segment		Ownership Interest		
Brooks Crossing	Office/Retail	Newport News, Virginia	65%		
Johns Hopkins Village	Multifamily	Baltimore, Maryland	80% (1)		
Lightfoot Marketplace	Retail	Williamsburg, Virginia	70%		
Town Center Phase VI	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	80%		
Harding Place	Multifamily	Charlotte, North Carolina	80%		

⁽¹⁾ The noncontrolling interest holder of Johns Hopkins Village has the right to exchange its 20% ownership interest for Class A units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("Class A Units") upon and for a period of one year after the project's completion. The Company is entitled to a preferred return of 9% on its investment in Johns Hopkins Village.

Please see Note 4 for information related to the Company's investment in Durham City Center II, LLC, which is an unconsolidated subsidiary that the Company accounts for using the equity method of accounting.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP").

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial position and results of operations of the Company, the Operating Partnership and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which are necessary for the fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the interim periods presented.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the requirements for interim financial information. Accordingly, these interim financial statements have not been audited and exclude certain disclosures required for annual financial statements. Also, the operating results presented for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the entire year. These interim

^{*}Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed. Such estimates are based on management's historical experience and best judgment after considering past, current and expected events and economic conditions. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared on the basis of the accounting principles described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, among others.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On May 28, 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a new standard that provides a single, comprehensive model for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers. The new standard could change the way the Company recognizes revenue from construction and development contracts with third party customers. The new standard will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new revenue recognition standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On February 18, 2015, the FASB issued new consolidation guidance that changes: (i) the identification of variable interests, (ii) the variable interest entity ("VIE") characteristics for a limited partnership or similar entity and (iii) primary beneficiary determination. The amended guidance also eliminates the presumption that a general partner controls a limited partnership. The Company adopted the guidance on January 1, 2016 with no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On February 25, 2016, the FASB issued a new lease standard that requires lessees to recognize most leases in their balance sheets as lease liabilities with corresponding right-of-use assets. The new standard also makes targeted changes to lessor accounting. The new standard will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2019 and requires a modified retrospective transition approach for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application with an option to use certain transition relief. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new lease standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On March 10, 2016, the FASB issued new guidance clarifying that the novation of a derivative contract in a hedge accounting relationship does not, in and of itself, require dedesignation of that hedge accounting relationship. Hedge accounting relationships could continue as long as all of the other hedge accounting criteria are met, including the expectation that the hedge will be highly effective when the creditworthiness of the new counterparty to the derivative contract is considered. The new guidance will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2017, and may be applied prospectively, or the Company may use a modified retrospective approach. Management does not expect the adoption of the new guidance to have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

On March 17, 2016, the FASB issued new guidance eliminating the requirement that an investor retrospectively apply equity method accounting when an investment that it had accounted for by another method initially qualifies for the equity method. The new guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On March 30, 2016, the FASB issued new guidance that will change the accounting for certain aspects of share-based payments to employees. Entities will be required to recognize the income tax effects of awards in the income statement when the awards vest or are settled, and allows the Company to account for forfeitures as they occur. The new guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On June 16, 2016, the FASB issued new guidance that modifies the accounting for recognizing credit losses on financial instruments. This new guidance replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of information to inform credit loss estimates. The

new guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2020. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On August 26, 2016, the FASB issued new guidance that addresses eight classification issues related to the statement of cash flows. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. This guidance should be applied retrospectively to each period presented. This new guidance is effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of the new guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Segments

Net operating income (segment revenues minus segment expenses) is the measure used by the Company's chief operating decision-maker to assess segment performance. Net operating income is not a measure of operating income or cash flows from operating activities as measured by GAAP and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. As a result, net operating income should not be considered an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. Not all companies calculate net operating income in the same manner. The Company considers net operating income to be an appropriate supplemental measure to net income because it assists both investors and management in understanding the core operations of the Company's real estate and construction businesses.

Net operating income of the Company's reportable segments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows (in thousands):

	 Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	 2016		2015		2016		2015	
			(Una	audited)				
Office real estate								
Rental revenues	\$ 5,277	\$	8,092	\$	16,097	\$	23,847	
Rental expenses	1,553		1,758		4,307		5,216	
Real estate taxes	485		734		1,550		2,228	
Segment net operating income	3,239		5,600		10,240		16,403	
Retail real estate								
Rental revenues	14,340		8,523		41,485		22,715	
Rental expenses	2,264		1,478		6,820		4,223	
Real estate taxes	1,339		810		3,953		2,080	
Segment net operating income	 10,737		6,235		30,712		16,412	
Multifamily residential real estate								
Rental revenues	5,688		4,688		15,257		12,839	
Rental expenses	2,017		1,629		5,107		4,817	
Real estate taxes	532		512		1,584		1,364	
Segment net operating income	3,139		2,547		8,566		6,658	
General contracting and real estate services					_		_	
Segment revenues	38,552		53,822		108,555		129,959	
Segment expenses	37,274		51,716		104,336		125,141	
Segment gross profit	1,278		2,106		4,219		4,818	
Net operating income	\$ 18,393	\$	16,488	\$	53,737	\$	44,291	

General contracting and real estate services revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 exclude revenue related to intercompany construction contracts of \$7.8 million and \$40.7 million, respectively. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 exclude expenses related to intercompany construction contracts of \$7.6 million and \$40.2 million, respectively. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 include noncash stock compensation expense of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

General contracting and real estate services revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 exclude revenue from intercompany construction contracts of \$11.4 million and \$27.9 million, respectively. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 exclude expenses for intercompany construction contracts of \$11.3 million and \$27.7 million, respectively. General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 include noncash stock compensation expense of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

The following table reconciles net operating income to net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2016		2015		2016		2015
				(Una	udited)	ı		
Net operating income	\$	18,393	\$	16,488	\$	53,737	\$	44,291
Depreciation and amortization		(8,885)		(6,317)		(25,636)		(16,991)
General and administrative expenses		(2,156)		(1,873)		(6,864)		(6,297)
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs		(345)		(288)		(1,486)		(1,050)
Impairment charges		(149)		_		(184)		(23)
Interest income		1,024		_		1,928		_
Interest expense		(4,124)		(3,518)		(11,893)		(9,922)
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(82)		(3)		(82)		(410)
Gain on real estate dispositions		3,753		_		30,440		13,407
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives		498		(51)		(2,264)		(238)
Other income		35		17		154		56
Income tax provision		(16)		(118)		(240)		(83)
Net income	\$	7,946	\$	4,337	\$	37,610	\$	22,740

General and administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 include noncash stock compensation expense of \$0.1 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. General and administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 include noncash stock compensation expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

4. Real Estate Investments

Operating Property Acquisitions

In connection with operating property acquisitions, the Company identifies and recognizes all assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The purchase price allocations to tangible assets, such as land, site improvements, and buildings and improvements, are presented within income producing property in the condensed consolidated balance sheet and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Acquired lease intangibles are presented within other assets and liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheet and amortized over their respective lease terms. The Company expenses all costs incurred related to operating property acquisitions. The Company values land based on a market approach, looking to recent sales of similar properties, adjusting for differences due to location and the state of entitlement as well as the shape and size of the parcel. Improvements to land are valued using a replacement cost approach, which applies industry standard replacement costs adjusted for geographic specific considerations and reduced by estimated depreciation. The value of buildings acquired is estimated using the replacement cost approach, assuming the buildings were vacant at acquisition. The replacement cost approach considers the composition of the structures acquired, adjusted for an estimate of depreciation. The estimate of depreciation is made considering industry standard information and depreciation curves for the identified asset classes. The value of acquired lease intangibles considers the estimated cost of leasing the properties as if the acquired buildings were vacant, as well as the value of the current leases relative to market-rate leases value is determined using an estimated total lease-up time and lost rental revenues during such time. The value of current leases relative to market-rate leases is based on market rents obtained for comparable assets in the applicable markets. Given the significance of unobservable inputs used in the valuation of

On January 14, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of an 11 asset retail portfolio totaling 1.1 million square feet for a gross purchase price of \$170.5 million, less normal closing adjustments.

On April 29, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of Southgate Square located in Colonial Heights, Virginia, for aggregate consideration of \$39.5 million, comprised of the assumption of \$21.1 million in debt (which approximates fair value as of the closing date) and 1,575,185 Class A Units.

As part of the Southgate Square purchase agreement, the Company acquired an option to purchase an adjacent undeveloped land parcel from the seller. The option for the land parcel is valid for an initial period of two years, and its value would be determined by applying a mutually agreed upon capitalization rate to the base rent of tenants provided by the seller and approved by the Company. If, at the end of the two-year period, no suitable tenants have been found, the Company has the option of either paying \$3.0 million to the seller for the land parcel or extending the period for an additional year. If, at the end of the additional year, no suitable tenants have been found, the Company can either pay \$1.25 million to the seller for the land parcel or let the option expire. Management has evaluated the option and determined that its value is immaterial to the consolidated financial statements.

On August 4, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of Southshore Shops located in Chesterfield, Virginia, for aggregate consideration of \$9.3 million, comprised of \$6.7 million in cash and 189,160 Class A Units.

The following table summarizes the acquisition date fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 (in thousands):

		<u>Retail</u>			5	Southshore	
	<u>F</u>	<u>Portfolio</u>	Southgate Square			<u>Shops</u>	<u>Total</u>
Land	\$	66,260	\$	8,890	\$	1,770	\$ 76,920
Site improvements		3,870		2,140		490	6,500
Building and improvements		88,820		23,810		6,019	118,649
In-place leases		20,630		5,990		1,140	27,760
Above-market leases		1,960		100		120	2,180
Below-market leases		(11,040)		(1,400)		(190)	(12,630)
Net assets acquired	\$	170,500	\$	39,530	\$	9,349	\$ 219,379

The following table summarizes the consolidated results of operations of the Company on a pro forma basis, as if the 11 asset retail portfolio acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2015 (in thousands):

	 Three Mo Septe			Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	 2016	2015		2016		2015			
		(Una	udited)						
Rental revenues	\$ 25,305	\$ 25,918	\$	73,370	\$	73,247			
Net income	7,946	5,493		11,639		11,814			

The pro forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisitions had taken place on January 1, 2015. The pro forma financial information includes adjustments to rental revenues for above and below-market leases and adjustments to depreciation and amortization expense for acquired property and in-place lease assets.

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, rental revenues and net income from the acquired properties for the period from the respective acquisition dates to September 30, 2016 included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income was \$4.8 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, rental revenues and net income from the acquired properties for the period from the respective acquisition dates to September 30, 2016 included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income was \$13.3 million and \$2.1 million, respectively.

Subsequent to September 30, 2016

On October 13, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of a stabilized retail asset for aggregate consideration of 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, which based on the closing stock price on the date of the acquisition, leads to an acquisition price of \$26.2 million.

Investment in Unconsolidated Entities

City Center

On February 25, 2016, the Company acquired a 37% interest in Durham City Center II, LLC ("City Center") for purposes of developing a 22-story mixed use tower in Durham, North Carolina. As of September 30, 2016, the Company has invested \$10.3 million in City Center. The Company has agreed to guarantee 37% of the construction loan for City Center; however, the loan is collateralized by 100% of the assets of City Center. As of September 30, 2016, the construction loan has not been drawn against.

As of September 30, 2016, the difference between the carrying value of the Company's initial investment in City Center and the amount of underlying equity was immaterial. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, City Center did not have any operating activity, and therefore the Company did not receive any dividends or allocated income.

Based on the terms of City Center's operating agreement, the Company has concluded that City Center is a variable interest entity, and that the Company holds a variable interest. The Company does not have the power to direct the activities of the project that most significantly impact its performance. Accordingly, the Company is not the project's primary beneficiary and, therefore, does not consolidate City Center in its consolidated financial statements.

Point Street Apartments

The Company holds a note receivable for the Point Street Apartments project, which was entered into in October 2015. The Company has agreed to fund up to \$23.0 million for this project. The balance of the note receivable was \$19.3 million and \$7.8 million as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recognized \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million of interest income on the note, respectively. No portion of the note receivable balance is past due and the Company has not recorded an impairment balance on the note.

Annapolis Junction

On April 21, 2016, the Company entered into a note receivable with a maximum principal balance of \$42.0 million in the Annapolis Junction residential component of the Annapolis Junction Town Center project in Maryland ("Annapolis Junction"). Annapolis Junction is an estimated \$102.0 million mixed-use development project with plans for 416 residential units, 17,000 square feet of retail space and a 150-room hotel. Annapolis Junction Apartments Owner, LLC ("AJAO") is the developer of the residential component and has engaged the Company to serve as construction general contractor for the residential component. Annapolis Junction is scheduled to open in 2018; however, management can provide no assurances that Annapolis Junction will open on the anticipated timeline or at the anticipated cost.

AJAO is responsible for securing a senior construction loan of up to \$60.0 million to fund the development and construction of Annapolis Junction's residential component. The Company has agreed to guarantee up to \$25.0 million of the senior construction loan in exchange for the option to purchase up to an 88% controlling interest in Annapolis Junction upon completion of the project as follows: (i) an option to purchase an 80% indirect interest in Annapolis Junction's residential component for the lesser of the seller's budgeted or actual cost, exercisable within one year from the project's completion (the "First Option") and (ii) provided that the Company has exercised the First Option, an option to purchase an additional 8% indirect interest in Annapolis Junction for the lesser of the seller's actual or budgeted cost, exercisable within 27 months from the project's completion (the "Second Option").

The Company's investment in the Annapolis Junction project is in the form of a loan under which AJAO may borrow up to \$48.0 million, including a \$6.0 million interest reserve (the "AJAO loan"). Interest on the AJAO loan accrues at 10.0% per annum and matures on the earlier of: (i) December 21, 2020, which may be extended by AJAO under two one-year extension options, (ii) the maturity date or earlier termination of the senior construction loan or (iii) the date the Company exercises the Second Option as described further below. In the event that the Company exercises the First Option, AJAO is required to simultaneously pay down both the senior construction loan and the AJAO loan by 80%, at which time the

interest rate on the AJAO loan will automatically be reduced to the interest rate on the senior construction loan. In the event the Company exercises the Second Option, AJAO is required to simultaneously repay any remaining amounts outstanding under the AJAO loan, with any excess proceeds received from the exercise of the Second Option applied against the remaining balance of the senior construction loan. In the event that the Company does not exercise either the First Option or the Second Option, the interest rate on the AJAO loan will automatically be reduced to the interest rate on the senior construction loan for the remaining term of the AJAO loan. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recognized \$0.6 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, in interest income on the note. No portion of the note receivable balance is past due and the Company has not recorded an impairment balance on the note.

The balance on the Annapolis Junction note was \$30.6 million as of September 30, 2016.

Harding Place

On March 16, 2016, the Company entered into a note receivable with a maximum balance of \$0.5 million with Southern Apartment Group-Harding, LLC ("SAGH") for funding of pre-development expenses on an apartment development project in Charlotte, North Carolina ("SAGH Note"). Interest on the note accrues at 10.0% per annum and matures on the earlier of: (i) the funding of a mezzanine loan to cover the development costs of the project or (ii) 120 days from the date that the Company advises SAGH that it will not fund the mezzanine loan or (iii) within three years of the date of the loan. On July 28, 2016, the Company advised SAGH that it would not fund the mezzanine loan, making the maturity date November 25, 2016.

On August 30, 2016, the Company entered into an operating agreement with SAGH to jointly develop the aforementioned apartment project, and the \$0.3 million balance on the SAGH Note was converted into equity in the joint venture entity. During the three months ended September 30, 2016, the Company purchased \$6.2 million of land in conjunction with the project.

Real Estate Dispositions

On November 2, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement to sell the Richmond Tower office building for \$78.0 million. The Company completed the disposition on January 8, 2016. Net proceeds after transaction costs were \$77.0 million. The gain on the disposition of Richmond Tower was \$26.2 million.

On January 7, 2016, the Company completed the sale of a building constructed for the Economic Development Authority of Newport News, Virginia. Net proceeds after transaction costs were \$6.6 million. The gain on the disposition was \$0.4 million.

On June 20, 2016, the Company completed the sale of the Willowbrook Commons property located in Nashville, Tennessee for \$9.2 million. The gain on the sale of the Willowbrook Commons property was less than \$0.1 million.

On July 29, 2016, the Company completed the sale of the Kroger Junction property located in Pasadena, Texas for \$3.7 million. The loss on the sale of the Kroger Junction property was less than \$0.1 million.

On September 15, 2016, the Company completed the sale of the Oyster Point office property for \$6.4 million. Net proceeds after transaction costs and settlement of liabilities were not significant. The gain on the disposition of Oyster Point was \$3.8 million.

5. Indebtedness

Credit Facility

On February 20, 2015, the Operating Partnership, as borrower, and the Company, as parent guarantor, entered into a new \$200.0 million senior unsecured credit facility that includes a \$150.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility and a \$50.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility. The new credit facility replaced the prior \$155.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility that was scheduled to mature on May 13, 2016. During the first quarter of 2016, the total capacity was increased to \$250.0 million pursuant to the accordion feature of the credit facility.

Depending on the Operating Partnership's total leverage, the revolving credit facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.40% to 2.00% and the term loan facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.35% to 1.95%. As of September 30, 2016, the effective

interest rates on the revolving credit facility and the term loan facility were 2.07% and 2.02%, respectively. The revolving credit facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2019, with a one-year extension option, subject to certain conditions, and the term loan facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2020. The Operating Partnership may, at any time, voluntarily prepay any loan under the new credit facility in whole or in part without premium or penalty.

On February 25, 2016, the Company amended the credit facility to, among other things, allow the maximum leverage ratio of the Company to be increased to 65% for the two consecutive quarters following any acquisition that is equal to or greater than 10% of the Company's total asset value (as defined in the credit agreement), but only up to two times during the term of the credit facility.

During the first quarter of 2016, the Company increased the borrowings under the senior unsecured term loan facility to \$100.0 million.

As of September 30, 2016, the outstanding balances on the revolving credit facility and the term loan facility were \$102.0 million and \$100.0 million, respectively.

Other Financing Activity

On August 8, 2016, the Company repaid the existing \$15.1 million mortgage loan secured by 249 Central Park Retail, the \$6.7 million mortgage loan on South Retail and the \$7.6 million mortgage loan on Fountain Plaza and refinanced them with a \$35.0 million five-year term mortgage loan that bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.95% and matures on August 8, 2021. The new mortgage loan is collateralized by all three properties. The loss on extinguishment of debt recognized on the refinancing was less than \$0.1 million.

On August 30, 2016, the Company repaid the existing \$31.6 million construction loan secured by 4525 Main Street and the \$25.2 million construction loan on Encore Apartments and refinanced them with a \$57.0 million five-year term mortgage loan that bears interest at 3.25% and matures on September 10, 2021. The new mortgage is collateralized by both properties. The loss on extinguishment of debt recognized on the refinancing was less than \$0.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company borrowed \$41.2 million under its construction loans to fund new development and construction.

Subsequent to September 30, 2016

On October 4, 2016, the Company increased its borrowings under the revolving credit facility by \$6.0 million.

6. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company may enter into interest rate derivative contracts to manage exposure to interest rate risks. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. Derivative financial instruments are recognized at fair value and presented within other assets and liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Gains and losses resulting from changes in the fair value of derivatives that are neither designated nor qualify as hedging instruments are recognized within the change in fair value of interest rate derivatives in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income. For derivatives that qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss is reported as a component of other comprehensive loss and reclassified into earnings in the periods during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings.

On February 25, 2016, the Operating Partnership entered into a LIBOR interest rate cap agreement on a notional amount of \$75.0 million at a strike rate of 1.50% for a premium of less than \$0.1 million. The interest rate cap agreement expires on March 1, 2018.

On June 17, 2016, the Operating Partnership entered into a LIBOR interest rate cap agreement on a notional amount of \$70.0 million at a strike rate of 1.00% for a premium of less than \$0.1 million. The interest rate cap agreement expires on June 17, 2018.

The Company's derivatives were comprised of the following as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

		ember 30, 201		December 31, 2015							
		(Unaudited)								
	Notional Amount		Fair	ir Value			Notional Amount		Fair	Valu	e
			Asset		Liability				Asset		Liability
Interest rate swaps	\$ 56,950	\$		\$	(2,007)	\$	57,093	\$		\$	(1,082)
Interest rate caps	270,000		111		_		246,546		164		_
Total	\$ 326,950	\$	111	\$	(2,007)	\$	303,639	\$	164	\$	(1,082)

The changes in the fair value of the Company's derivatives during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	 Three Moi Septen			Nine Mon Septen	
	2016	2015		2016	2015
		(Unau	dited)	
Interest rate swaps	\$ 481	\$ (1,026)	\$	(2,007)	\$ (1,574)
Interest rate caps	17	(51)		(257)	(238)
Total	\$ 498	\$ (1,077)	\$	(2,264)	\$ (1,812)
Comprehensive income statement presentation:					
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives	\$ 498	\$ (51)	\$	(2,264)	\$ (238)
Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedge	_	(1,026)		_	(1,574)
Total	\$ 498	\$ (1,077)	\$	(2,264)	\$ (1,812)

Effective March 31, 2016, the Company determined that the short-cut method of hedge accounting was not appropriate for two of its interest-rate swaps and, for accounting purposes, the hedge relationship was terminated. The swaps were entered into in February and July 2015. Accordingly, changes in fair value of the swap should have been recorded in income rather than other comprehensive income. The Company determined that the errors were immaterial to all previously issued financial statements. The Company recognized \$0.7 million of accumulated other comprehensive income and \$0.4 million, which was previously allocated to noncontrolling interest as of December 31, 2015, in earnings during the first quarter of 2016. Subsequent changes in the value of the interest rate swap for the period from January 1, 2016 to September 30, 2016 were also recognized in earnings during the first, second and third quarters of 2016. Net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was overstated by \$0.6 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. In reaching its conclusions, management considered the nature of the error, the effect of the error on operating results for 2015, and the effects of the error on important financial statement measures, including related trends.

7. Equity

Stockholders' Equity

On May 4, 2016, the Company commenced a new at-the-market continuous equity offering program (the "New ATM Program") through which the Company may, from time to time, issue and sell shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$75.0 million. Upon commencing the New ATM Program, the Company simultaneously terminated its prior \$50.0 million at-the-market continuous equity offering program (the "Prior ATM Program"), which the Company entered into in May 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company issued and sold an aggregate of 1,152,919 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$10.87 per share under the Prior ATM Program prior to its termination on May 4, 2016, receiving net proceeds after offering costs and commissions of \$12.2 million. From the inception date of the New ATM Program through September 30, 2016, the Company issued and sold an aggregate of 2,926,563 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$13.17 per share under the New ATM Program, receiving net proceeds after offering costs and commissions of \$37.7 million.

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's authorized capital was 500 million shares of common stock and 100 million shares of preferred stock. The Company had 34,255,874 and 30,076,359 shares of common stock

issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. No shares of preferred stock were issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

Noncontrolling Interests

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company held a 66.2% and 65.6% interest in the Operating Partnership, respectively. The Company is the primary beneficiary of the Operating Partnership as it has the power to direct the activities of the Operating Partnership and the rights to absorb 66.2% of the net income of the Operating Partnership. As the primary beneficiary, the Company consolidates the financial position and results of operations of the Operating Partnership. Noncontrolling interests in the Company represent units of limited partnership interest not held by the Company.

As of September 30, 2016, there were 16,518,474 Class A Units not held by the Company. The noncontrolling interest for the consolidated entities under development or construction (see Note 1) was zero as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

As partial consideration for Columbus Village, the Operating Partnership issued 1,000,000 Class B Units on July 10, 2015 and agreed to issue 275,000 Class C Units on January 10, 2017. Subject to the occurrence of certain events, the Class B Units and Class C Units will not earn or accrue distributions until July 10, 2017 and January 10, 2018, respectively, at which time each automatically will convert to Class A Units.

Common Stock Dividends and Class A Unit Distributions

On January 7, 2016, the Company paid cash dividends of \$5.1 million to common stockholders and the Operating Partnership paid cash distributions of \$2.5 million to holders of Class A Units.

On April 7, 2016, the Company paid cash dividends of \$5.6 million to common stockholders and the Operating Partnership paid cash distributions of \$2.7 million to holders of Class A Units.

On July 7, 2016, the Company paid cash dividends of \$5.9 million to common stockholders and the Operating Partnership paid cash distributions of \$2.9 million to holders of Class A Units.

On August 4, 2016, the Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.18 per share payable on October 6, 2016 to stockholders of record on September 28, 2016.

Subsequent to September 30, 2016

On October 6, 2016, the Company paid cash dividends of \$6.2 million to common stockholders and the Operating Partnership paid cash distributions of \$3.0 million to holders of Class A Units.

From October 1, 2016 to October 14, 2016, the Company issued and sold an aggregate of 169,548 shares of common stock under the New ATM Program at a weighted average price of \$13.11 per share. Net proceeds to the Company after offering costs and commissions were \$2.2 million.

On October 13, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of a stabilized retail asset for aggregate consideration of 2,000,000 shares of common stock, which based on the closing stock price on the date of the acquisition, leads to an acquisition price of \$26.2 million. On October 19, 2016, the Company filed a registration statement covering resales of the shares pursuant to a registration rights agreement with the sellers.

8. Stock-Based Compensation

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company granted an aggregate of 119,985 shares of restricted stock to employees and non-employee directors with a weighted average grant date fair value of \$11.19 per share. Employee restricted stock awards generally vest over a period of two years: one-third immediately on the grant date and the remaining two-thirds in equal amounts on the first two anniversaries following the grant date, subject to continued service to the Company. Non-employee director restricted stock awards vest either immediately upon grant or over a period of one year, subject to continued service to the Company.

On January 1, 2016, the Company established its Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") and entered into agreements with certain of its employees to issue performance-based awards in the form of restricted stock units. The performance period for these agreements is three years, with a required two-year service period immediately following the performance period. The compensation expense and the effect on the Company's weighted average diluted shares calculation were immaterial.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recognized \$0.3 million and \$1.2 million of stock-based compensation expense, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recognized \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million of stock-based compensation expense, respectively. As of September 30, 2016, there were 105,152 nonvested restricted shares outstanding; the total unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested restricted shares was \$0.3 million, which the Company expects to recognize over the next 18 months.

9. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value measurements are based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or a liability. The hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value is as follows:

Level 1—quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2—observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 3—unobservable inputs

Except as disclosed below, the carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments approximate their fair value. Financial assets and liabilities whose fair values are measured on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs consist of interest rate swaps and caps. The Company measures the fair values of these assets and liabilities based on prices provided by independent market participants that are based on observable inputs using market-based valuation techniques.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. For disclosure purposes, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value of the Company's long term debt is sensitive to fluctuations in interest rates. Discounted cash flow analysis based on Level 2 inputs is generally used to estimate the fair value of the Company's long term debt. Considerable judgment is used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments. The estimates of fair value presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that could be realized upon disposition of the financial instruments.

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments, all of which are based on Level 2 inputs, as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2016					er 31, 2015		
	Carrying Value		Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value	
	(Unaı	udited)						
\$	519,209	\$	519,878	\$	377,593	\$	384,691	
	2,007		2,007		1,082		1,082	
	111		111		164		164	

10. Related Party Transactions

The Company provides general contracting and real estate services to certain related party entities that are not included in these condensed consolidated financial statements. Revenue from construction contracts with related party entities of the Company were \$0.2 million and \$15.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. Gross profit from such contracts was \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. Revenue from construction contracts with related party entities of the Company was \$1.5 million and \$5.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Gross profit from such contracts was less than \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. Real estate services fees from affiliated entities of the Company were not significant for either the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 or 2015. In addition, affiliated entities also reimburse the Company for monthly maintenance and facilities management services provided to the properties. Cost reimbursements earned by the Company from affiliated entities were not significant for either the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 or 2015.

The Operating Partnership entered into tax protection agreements that indemnify certain directors and executive officers of the Company from their tax liabilities resulting from the potential future sale of certain of the Company's properties within seven (or, in a limited number of cases, ten) years of the completion of the Company's initial public offering and formation transactions completed on May 13, 2013. In addition, the tax protection agreements provide that the Operating Partnership will offer certain of the original contributors, including certain of the Company's directors and executive officers, the opportunity to guarantee debt, or, alternatively, to enter into a deficit restoration obligation, for ten years from the closing of the Company's initial public offering in a manner intended to provide an allocation of Operating Partnership liabilities to the partner for federal income tax purposes. Pursuant to these tax protection agreements, certain of the Company's executive officers have guaranteed \$0.3 million of the Operating Partnership's outstanding debt as of September 30, 2016.

In addition, the loan for the City Center joint venture is underwritten by a syndicate which includes Park Sterling Bank. The Chief Executive Officer of Park Sterling Bank is the Chairman of the Company's Audit Committee.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company is from time to time involved in various disputes, lawsuits, warranty claims, environmental and other matters arising in the ordinary course of business. Management makes assumptions and estimates concerning the likelihood and amount of any potential loss relating to these matters.

The Company currently is a party to various legal proceedings, none of which management expects will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or liquidity. Management accrues a liability for litigation if an unfavorable outcome is determined to be probable and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. If an unfavorable outcome is determined to be probable and a range of loss can be reasonably estimated, management accrues the best estimate within the range; however, if no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the minimum amount within the range is accrued. Legal fees related to litigation are expensed as incurred. Management does not believe that the ultimate outcome of these matters, either individually or in the aggregate, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations; however, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties.

Under the Company's leases, tenants are typically obligated to indemnify the Company from and against all liabilities, costs and expenses imposed upon or asserted against it as owner of the properties due to certain matters relating to the operation of the properties by the tenant.

Commitments

The Company has a bonding line of credit for its general contracting construction business and is contingently liable under performance and payment bonds, bonds for cancellation of mechanics liens and defect bonds. Such bonds collectively totaled \$184.0 million and \$183.0 million as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The Operating Partnership has entered into standby letters of credit using the available capacity under the credit facility. The letters of credit relate to the guarantee of future performance on certain of the Company's construction contracts. Letters of credit generally are available for draw down in the event the Company does not perform. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Operating Partnership had total outstanding letters of credit of \$2.0 million and \$8.0 million, respectively.

Review Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc.

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated balance sheet of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. as of September 30, 2016, and the related condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 and the condensed consolidated statement of equity for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. as of December 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein) and we expressed an unqualified audit opinion on those consolidated financial statements in our report dated March 2, 2016. In our opinion, the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2015, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

McLean, Virginia November 2, 2016

Item 2.Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References to "we," "our," "us," and "our company" refer to Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc., a Maryland corporation, together with our consolidated subsidiaries, including Armada Hoffler, L.P., a Virginia limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership"), of which we are the sole general partner. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. We caution investors that any forward-looking statements presented in this report, or which management may make orally or in writing from time to time, are based on beliefs and assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. When used, the words "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "estimate," "project," "should," "will," "result" and similar expressions, which do not relate solely to historical matters, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected. We caution you that while forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs when we make them, they are not guarantees of future performance and are impacted by actual events when they occur after we make such statements. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on past forward-looking statements, which are based on results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties and you should not rely on them as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements depend on assumptions, data or methods which may be incorrect or imprecise and we may not be able to realize them. We do not guarantee that the transactions and events described will happen as described (or that they will happen at all). The following factors, among others, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in the forward-looking statements:

- adverse economic or real estate developments, either nationally or in the markets in which our properties are located;
- our failure to develop the properties in our development pipeline successfully, on the anticipated timeline or at the anticipated costs;
- our failure to generate sufficient cash flows to service our outstanding indebtedness;
- defaults on, early terminations of or non-renewal of leases by tenants, including significant tenants;
- bankruptcy or insolvency of a significant tenant or a substantial number of smaller tenants;
- · difficulties in identifying or completing development, acquisition or disposition opportunities;
- our failure to successfully operate developed and acquired properties;
- our failure to generate income in our general contracting and real estate services segment in amounts that we anticipate;
- fluctuations in interest rates and increased operating costs;
- our failure to obtain necessary outside financing on favorable terms or at all;
- our inability to extend the maturity of or refinance existing debt or comply with the financial covenants in the agreements that govern our existing debt;
- financial market fluctuations;
- risks that affect the general retail environment or the market for office properties or multifamily units;
- the competitive environment in which we operate;
- decreased rental rates or increased vacancy rates;
- conflicts of interests with our officers and directors;
- lack or insufficient amounts of insurance;

- environmental uncertainties and risks related to adverse weather conditions and natural disasters;
- other factors affecting the real estate industry generally;
- our failure to maintain our qualification as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- limitations imposed on our business and our ability to satisfy complex rules in order for us to maintain our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes; and
- changes in governmental regulations or interpretations thereof, such as real estate and zoning laws and increases in real property tax rates and taxation of REITs.

While forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, they are not guarantees of future performance. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, of new information, data or methods, future events or other changes after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, except as required by applicable law. We caution investors not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and urge investors to carefully review the disclosures we make concerning risks and uncertainties in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as risks, uncertainties and other factors discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and identified in other documents that we file from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

Business Description

We are a full-service real estate company with extensive experience developing, building, owning and managing high-quality, institutional-grade office, retail and multifamily properties in attractive markets throughout the Mid-Atlantic United States. As of September 30, 2016, we owned 100% of the interests in, and consolidate for financial reporting purposes, each of the following properties in our operating property portfolio:

Property	Segment	Location
4525 Main Street	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Armada Hoffler Tower	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Commonwealth of Virginia - Chesapeake	Office	Chesapeake, Virginia
Commonwealth of Virginia - Virginia Beach	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia
One Columbus	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Two Columbus	Office	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
249 Central Park Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Alexander Pointe	Retail	Salisbury, North Carolina
Bermuda Crossroads	Retail	Chester, Virginia
Broad Creek Shopping Center	Retail	Norfolk, Virginia
Broadmoor Plaza	Retail	South Bend, Indiana
Columbus Village	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Commerce Street Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Courthouse 7-Eleven	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia
Dick's at Town Center	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Dimmock Square	Retail	Colonial Heights, Virginia
Fountain Plaza Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Gainsborough Square	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia
Greentree Shopping Center	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia
Hanbury Village	Retail	Chesapeake, Virginia
Harper Hill Commons	Retail	Winston-Salem, North Carolina
Harrisonburg Regal	Retail	Harrisonburg, Virginia

Property	Segment	Location
North Hampton Market	Retail	Taylors, South Carolina
North Point Center	Retail	Durham, North Carolina
Oakland Marketplace	Retail	Oakland, Tennessee
Parkway Marketplace	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia
Patterson Place	Retail	Durham, North Carolina
Perry Hall Marketplace	Retail	Perry Hall, Maryland
Providence Plaza	Retail	Charlotte, North Carolina
Sandbridge Commons	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia
Socastee Commons	Retail	Myrtle Beach, South Carolina
Southgate Square	Retail	Colonial Heights, Virginia
Southshore Shops	Retail	Chesterfield, Virginia
South Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
South Square	Retail	Durham, North Carolina
Stone House Square	Retail	Hagerstown, Maryland
Studio 56 Retail	Retail	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Tyre Neck Harris Teeter	Retail	Portsmouth, Virginia
Waynesboro Commons	Retail	Waynesboro, Virginia
Wendover Village	Retail	Greensboro, North Carolina
Encore Apartments	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*
Liberty Apartments	Multifamily	Newport News, Virginia
Smith's Landing	Multifamily	Blacksburg, Virginia
The Cosmopolitan	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*

^{*}Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

As of September 30, 2016, the following properties that we consolidate for financial reporting purposes were either under development or construction:

Property	Segment	Location	Ownership Interest
Brooks Crossing	Office/Retail	Newport News, Virginia	65%
Johns Hopkins Village	Multifamily	Baltimore, Maryland	80% (1)
Lightfoot Marketplace	Retail	Williamsburg, Virginia	70%
Town Center Phase VI	Multifamily	Virginia Beach, Virginia*	80%
Harding Place	Multifamily	Charlotte, North Carolina	80%

⁽¹⁾ The noncontrolling interest holder of Johns Hopkins Village has the right to exchange its 20% ownership interest for Class A units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("Class A Units") upon and for a period of one year after the project's completion. We are entitled to a preferred return of 9% on our investment in Johns Hopkins Village.

Please see Note 4 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for information related to our investment in Durham City Center II, LLC, which is an unconsolidated subsidiary that we account for under the equity method of accounting.

^{*}Located in the Town Center of Virginia Beach

Acquisitions and Dispositions

On April 29, 2016, we completed the acquisition of Southgate Square, located in Colonial Heights, Virginia, for aggregate consideration of \$39.5 million, comprised of the assumption of \$21.1 million in debt and 1,575,185 Class A Units.

On June 20, 2016, we completed the sale of the Willowbrook Commons property located in Nashville, Tennessee for \$9.2 million.

On July 29, 2016, we completed the sale of the Kroger Junction property located in Pasadena, Texas for \$3.7 million.

On August 4, 2016, we completed the acquisition of Southshore Shops, located in Chesterfield, Virginia, for aggregate consideration of \$9.3 million, comprised of \$6.7 million in cash and 189,160 Class A Units.

On September 15, 2016, the Company completed the sale of the Oyster Point office property for \$6.4 million.

On October 13, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of a stabilized retail asset for aggregate consideration of 2,000,000 shares of common stock, which based on the closing stock price on the date of the acquisition, leads to an acquisition price of \$26.2 million.

Third Quarter 2016 Highlights

The following highlights our results of operations and significant transactions for the three months ended September 30, 2016:

- Net income of \$7.9 million, or \$0.15 per diluted share, compared to \$4.3 million, or \$0.10 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2015.
- Funds from operations ("FFO") of \$13.1 million, or \$0.25 per diluted share, compared to \$10.7 million, or \$0.25 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2015. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."
- Normalized funds from operations ("Normalized FFO") of \$13.2 million, or \$0.26 per diluted share, compared to \$11.0 million, or \$0.26 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2015. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures."
- Property segment net operating income ("NOI") of \$17.1 million compared to \$14.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015:
 - Office NOI of \$3.2 million compared to \$5.6 million
 - Retail NOI of \$10.7 million compared to \$6.2 million
 - Multifamily NOI of \$3.1 million compared to \$2.5 million
- Same store NOI of \$10.0 million compared to \$9.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015:
 - Office same store NOI of \$2.4 million compared to \$2.4 million
 - Retail same store NOI of \$5.9 million compared to \$5.7 million
 - Multifamily same store NOI of \$1.7 million compared to \$1.8 million
- General contracting and real estate services segment gross profit of \$1.3 million compared to \$2.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015.
- Third party construction backlog of \$246.4 million as of September 30, 2016.
- Raised \$19.9 million of gross proceeds at a weighted average price of \$13.93 per share under our New ATM Program (as defined below). Net proceeds totaled \$19.5 million.
- Declared cash dividends of \$0.18 per share.

Segment Results of Operations

As of September 30, 2016, we operated our business in four segments: (i) office real estate, (ii) retail real estate, (iii) multifamily residential real estate and (iv) general contracting and real estate services, which are conducted through our taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS"). Net operating income (segment revenues minus segment expenses), or "NOI", is the measure used by management to assess segment performance and allocate our resources among our segments. NOI is not a measure of operating income or cash flows from operating activities as measured by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. As a result, NOI should not be considered an alternative to cash flows as a measure of liquidity. Not all companies calculate NOI in the same manner. We consider NOI to be an appropriate supplemental measure to net income because it assists both investors and management in understanding the core operations of our real estate and construction businesses. See Note 3 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a reconciliation of NOI to net income.

We define same store properties as those properties that we owned and operated and that were stabilized for the entirety of both periods presented. Same store properties exclude those that were in lease-up during either of the periods presented. We generally consider a property to be in lease-up until the earlier of: (i) the quarter after the property reaches 80% occupancy or (ii) the thirteenth quarter after the property receives its certificate of occupancy.

Office Segment Data

		Three Mo Septer				Nine Mor Septer				
	2016		2015		Change		2016	2015		 Change
					(unaudited,	\$ in	thousands)			
Rental revenues	\$	5,277	\$	8,092	\$ (2,815)	\$	16,097	\$	23,847	\$ (7,750)
Property expenses		2,038		2,492	(454)		5,857		7,444	(1,587)
Segment NOI	\$	3,239	\$	5,600	\$ (2,361)	\$	10,240	\$	16,403	\$ (6,163)

Office segment NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$2.4 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015. This decrease is due to the sales of the Sentara Williamsburg, Richmond Tower and Oceaneering office buildings, which contributed \$2.2 million and \$6.3 million, respectively, in office segment NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. We completed the sale of the Sentara Williamsburg in the first quarter of 2015, the sale of the Oceaneering office building in the fourth quarter of 2015, and the sale of the Richmond Tower office building in the first quarter of 2016.

Office Same Store Results

Office same store results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 exclude new real estate development – 4525 Main Street – as well as the Sentara Williamsburg, Richmond Tower and Oyster Point office buildings, which we sold in the first quarter of 2015, the first quarter of 2016 and the third quarter of 2016, respectively.

Office same store rental revenues, property expenses and NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Moi Septen		
	 2016		2015	(Change		2016	2015	Change
				((unaudited,	\$ in	thousands)		
Rental revenues	\$ 3,883	\$	3,838	\$	45	\$	11,671	\$ 11,669	\$ 2
Property expenses	1,443		1,413		30		4,103	4,292	(189)
Same Store NOI	\$ 2,440	\$	2,425	\$	15	\$	7,568	\$ 7,377	\$ 191
Non-Same Store NOI	799		3,175		(2,376)		2,672	9,026	(6,354)
Segment NOI	\$ 3,239	\$	5,600	\$	(2,361)	\$	10,240	\$ 16,403	\$ (6,163)

Office same store NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 1% and 3%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of contractual rent increases. These increases were partially offset by

higher utility costs in the three months ended September 30, 2016. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, these increases were also a result of lower utility costs driven by the milder winter of 2016 compared to 2015.

Retail Segment Data

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mo Septe						
		2016 2015		Change		2016			2015	Change	
						(unaudited,	\$ in	thousands)			
Rental revenues	\$	14,340	\$	8,523	\$	5,817	\$	41,485	\$	22,715	\$ 18,770
Property expenses		3,603		2,288		1,315		10,773		6,303	4,470
Segment NOI	\$	10,737	\$	6,235	\$	4,502	\$	30,712	\$	16,412	\$ 14,300

Retail segment NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$4.5 million and \$14.3 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015. 2016 acquisitions and new real estate development contributed \$3.9 million and \$10.5 million, respectively, of NOI during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016. Same store NOI growth coupled with 2015 acquisitions not included in same store NOI accounted for the balance of the increase.

During the second quarter of 2015, we acquired Stone House Square in Hagerstown, Maryland and Perry Hall Marketplace in Perry Hall, Maryland. During the third quarter of 2015, we acquired Socastee Commons in Myrtle Beach, South Carolina, Columbus Village in Virginia Beach, Virginia and Providence Plaza in Charlotte, North Carolina. During the first quarter of 2016, we acquired the 11 property retail portfolio. During the second quarter of 2016, we acquired Southgate Square in Colonial Heights, Virginia. During the third quarter of 2016, we acquired Southshore Shops in Chesterfield, Virginia.

Retail Same Store Results

Retail same store results for the three months ended September 30, 2016 exclude Columbus Village, Providence Plaza, the eleven property retail portfolio, Southgate Square and Southshore Shops. Retail same store results for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 exclude Sandbridge Commons, Stone House Square, Perry Hall Marketplace, Socastee Commons, Columbus Village, Providence Plaza, Greentree Shopping Center, the eleven property retail portfolio, Southgate Square and Southshore Shops.

Retail same store rental revenues, property expenses and NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Moi Septer			
		2016		2015		Change		2016	2015	Change
						(unaudited	, \$ in	thousands)		
Rental revenues	\$	8,211	\$	7,907	\$	304	\$	19,688	\$ 19,352	\$ 336
Property expenses		2,295		2,194		101		5,684	5,581	103
Same Store NOI	\$	5,916	\$	5,713	\$	203	\$	14,004	\$ 13,771	\$ 233
Non-Same Store NOI		4,821		522		4,299		16,708	2,641	14,067
Segment NOI	\$	10,737	\$	6,235	\$	4,502	\$	30,712	\$ 16,412	\$ 14,300

Retail same store NOI increased 4% and 2% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015. The increases were the result of higher occupancy, specifically at Two Columbus.

Multifamily Segment Data

	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Mo Septe				
		2016		2015		Change		2016	2015	(Change
					(unaudited,	\$ in t	thousands)			
Rental revenues	\$	5,688	\$	4,688	\$	1,000	\$	15,257	\$ 12,839	\$	2,418
Property expenses		2,549		2,141		408		6,691	6,181		510
Segment NOI	\$	3,139	\$	2,547	\$	592	\$	8,566	\$ 6,658	\$	1,908

Multifamily segment NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$0.6 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015, primarily as a result of the stabilization of Encore Apartments and Liberty Apartments. Liberty Apartments stabilized in the third quarter of 2015.

Multifamily Same Store Results

Multifamily same store results exclude new real estate development – Encore Apartments and Whetstone Apartments – as well as Liberty Apartments, which was acquired during the first quarter of 2014 and stabilized in the third quarter of 2015.

Multifamily same store rental revenues, property expenses and NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mo Septe			 		
		2016		2015	C	hange		2016	2015	Change
					(uı	naudited, S	§ in t	thousands)		
Rental revenues	\$	3,075	\$	3,105	\$	(30)	\$	9,145	\$ 9,069	\$ 76
Property expenses		1,396		1,342		54		4,016	3,913	103
Same Store NOI	\$	1,679	\$	1,763	\$	(84)	\$	5,129	\$ 5,156	\$ (27)
Non-Same Store NOI		1,460		784		676		3,436	1,502	1,934
Segment NOI	\$	3,139	\$	2,547	\$	592	\$	8,565	\$ 6,658	\$ 1,907

Multifamily same store NOI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased 5% and 1%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015. The decreases were primarily due to timing of expenses at The Cosmopolitan in the Town Center of Virginia Beach and Smith's Landing.

General Contracting and Real Estate Services Segment Data

	Three Months Ended September 30,						N	line Months En		
		2016 2015			Change		2016	2015	Change	
				(unaudited,	\$ in t	housands)				
Segment revenues	\$	38,552	\$	53,822	\$	(15,270)	\$	108,555	\$ 129,959	\$ (21,404)
Segment expenses		37,274		51,716		(14,442)		104,336	125,141	(20,805)
Segment gross profit	\$	1,278	\$	2,106	\$	(828)	\$	4,219	\$ 4,818	\$ (599)
Operating margin		3.3%		3.9%		(0.7)%		3.9%	3.7%	 0.2%

Segment profit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$0.8 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015, because of timing of volume on our construction contracts. The overall operating margin on our construction contracts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 fluctuated compared to the overall operating margin for the corresponding periods in 2015 due to the closeout of certain projects and timing of work completed.

The changes in third party construction backlog for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

T	hree Months En	ptember 30,	N	Nine Months En	ded September 30,		
	2016		2015		2016		2015
			(unaudited, \$	in tho	usands)		
\$	252,318	\$	195,512	\$	83,433	\$	159,139
	32,498		(23,552)		271,288		88,854
	(38,384)		(53,768)		(108,289)		(129,801)
\$	S 246,432 \$ 118,192			\$	246,432	\$	118,192
	\$	2016 \$ 252,318 32,498 (38,384)	\$ 252,318 \$ 32,498 (38,384)	(unaudited, \$ \$ 252,318 \$ 195,512 32,498 (23,552) (38,384) (53,768)	2016 2015 (unaudited, \$ in tho \$ 252,318 \$ 195,512 \$ 32,498 (23,552) (38,384) (53,768)	2016 2015 2016 (unaudited, \$ in thousands) \$ 252,318 \$ 195,512 \$ 83,433 32,498 (23,552) 271,288 (38,384) (53,768) (108,289)	2016 2015 2016 (unaudited, \$ in thousands) \$ 252,318 \$ 195,512 \$ 83,433 \$ 32,498 (23,552) 271,288 (38,384) (53,768) (108,289)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we added \$68.1 million to backlog for the construction of the Point Street Apartments project, \$62.0 million in backlog for the City Center project in Durham, North Carolina and \$68.8 million in backlog on the Annapolis Junction project. As of September 30, 2016, we had \$55.8 million in backlog on the Point Street Apartments project, \$52.4 million in backlog on the City Center project and \$59.7 million in backlog on the Annapolis Junction project.

As of September 30, 2016, we had \$19.5 million in backlog related to the 27th Street Oceanfront hotel project, which we expect to substantially complete in 2017.

Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended September 30,						onths Ended ember 30,			
		2016		2015	Change		2016		2015	Change
					(unaudited, \$ i	in tho	usands)			
Revenues										
Rental revenues	\$	25,305	\$	21,303	\$ 4,002	\$	72,839	\$	59,401	\$ 13,438
General contracting and real estate services revenues		38,552		53,822	(15,270)		108,555		129,959	(21,404)
Total revenues		63,857		75,125	(11,268)		181,394		189,360	(7,966)
Expenses										
Rental expenses		5,834		4,865	969		16,234		14,256	1,978
Real estate taxes		2,356		2,056	300		7,087		5,672	1,415
General contracting and real estate services expenses		37,274		51,716	(14,442)		104,336		125,141	(20,805)
Depreciation and amortization		8,885		6,317	2,568		25,636		16,991	8,645
General and administrative expenses		2,156		1,873	283		6,864		6,297	567
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs		345		288	57		1,486		1,050	436
Impairment charges		149		_	149		184		23	161
Total expenses		56,999		67,115	(10,116)		161,827		169,430	(7,603)
Operating income		6,858		8,010	 (1,152)		19,567		19,930	(363)
Interest income		1,024			1,024		1,928		_	1,928
Interest expense		(4,124)		(3,518)	(606)		(11,893)		(9,922)	(1,971)
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(82)		(3)	(79)		(82)		(410)	328
Gain on real estate dispositions		3,753		_	3,753		30,440		13,407	17,033
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives		498		(51)	549		(2,264)		(238)	(2,026)
Other (expense) income		35		17	18		154		56	98
Income before taxes		7,962		4,455	3,507		37,850		22,823	15,027
Income tax benefit (provision)		(16)		(118)	102		(240)		(83)	(157)
Net income	\$	7,946	\$	4,337	\$ 3,609	\$	37,610	\$	22,740	\$ 14,870

Rental revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$4.0 million and \$13.4 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015, as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mo Septer				
		2016		2015	Change		2016	2015	Change
					(unaudited,	§ in t	housands)		
Office	\$	5,277	\$	8,092	\$ (2,815)	\$	16,097	\$ 23,847	\$ (7,750)
Retail		14,340		8,523	5,817		41,485	22,715	18,770
Multifamily		5,688		4,688	1,000		15,257	12,839	2,418
	\$	25,305	\$	21,303	\$ 4,002	\$	72,839	\$ 59,401	\$ 13,438

Office rental revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased 35% and 32%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of the sales of the Sentara Williamsburg, Oceaneering and Richmond Tower office buildings, which contributed \$2.8 million and \$7.9 million in office rental revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, compared to \$0 and \$0.2 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. Office same store rental revenues increased during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, driven by contractual rent increases.

Retail rental revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 68% and 83%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of property acquisitions, our delivery of Greentree Shopping Center and organic growth in the same store retail portfolio due to higher occupancy rates. The eleven property retail portfolio, Southgate Square and Southshore Shops contributed \$4.8 million and \$13.3 million in retail revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

Multifamily rental revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 21% and 19%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of the stabilization of Encore Apartments and Liberty Apartments as well as higher occupancy at The Cosmopolitan. Liberty Apartments stabilized in the third quarter of 2015.

General contracting and real estate services revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased 28% and 16%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of the timing and volume of work performed.

Rental expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015, as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Moi Septer			
		2016		2015	C	Change		2016	2015	 Change
					(unaudited,	\$ in	thousands)		
Office	\$	1,553	\$	1,758	\$	(205)	\$	4,307	\$ 5,216	\$ (909)
Retail		2,264		1,478		786		6,820	4,223	2,597
Multifamily		2,017		1,629		388		5,107	4,817	290
	\$	5,834	\$	4,865	\$	969	\$	16,234	\$ 14,256	\$ 1,978

Office rental expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 due to the sales of the Sentara Williamsburg and Richmond Tower office buildings. Retail rental expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of property acquisitions. Multifamily rental expenses increased due to the timing of repairs and maintenance.

Real estate taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$0.3 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015, as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Mor Septen			
		2016		2015	(Change		2016	2015	Change
					(unaudited,	\$ in t	thousands)		
Office	\$	485	\$	734	\$	(249)	\$	1,550	\$ 2,228	\$ (678)
Retail		1,339		810		529		3,953	2,080	1,873
Multifamily		532		512		20		1,584	1,364	220
	\$	2,356	\$	2,056	\$	300	\$	7,087	\$ 5,672	\$ 1,415

Office real estate taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 due to the sales of the Sentara Williamsburg and Richmond Tower office buildings. Retail and multifamily real estate taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of acquisitions and increases from new tax assessments.

General contracting and real estate services expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased 28% and 17%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of the timing and volume of work performed.

Depreciation and amortization for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 41% and 51%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of property acquisitions.

General and administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 15% and 9%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015 as a result of higher regulatory and compliance costs as well as higher compensation and benefit costs from increased employee headcount.

Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased compared to the corresponding periods in 2015. Approximately less than \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million of the acquisition costs incurred in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 were related to the 11 asset portfolio acquisition. Socastee Commons, Perry Hall Marketplace, Stone House Square, Columbus Village and Providence Plaza were acquired during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Impairment charges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 were primarily due to lease terminations. These charges were not significant for three and nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Interest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 17% and 20%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in 2015, primarily as a result of increased borrowings.

The change in fair value of interest rate derivatives for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 decreased \$0.5 million and increased \$2.0 million, respectively. The decrease for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was due to the increase in LIBOR, while the increase for the nine months ended was due to the \$1.0 million adjustment made for interest rate derivatives.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized losses on extinguishment of debt of \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million, respectively, compared to less than \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, for the corresponding periods in 2015. These losses represent the unamortized debt issuance costs associated with repaid mortgages and also in connection with the closing of our credit facility.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized gains of \$3.75 million and \$30.4 million, respectively, on our sales of Willowbrook Commons, Kroger Junction, the Richmond Tower office building, the Oyster Point office building and the Newport News Economic Authority building. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized gains of \$13.4 million on our sales of the Sentara Williamsburg office building and Whetstone Apartments.

Income tax provisions that we recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were attributable to the taxable profits and losses of our development and construction businesses that we operate through our TRS.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

We believe our primary short-term liquidity requirements consist of general contractor expenses, operating expenses and other expenditures associated with our properties, including tenant improvements, leasing commissions and leasing incentives, dividend payments to our stockholders required to maintain our REIT qualification, debt service, capital expenditures, new real estate development projects and strategic acquisitions. We expect to meet our short-term liquidity requirements through net cash provided by operations, reserves established from existing cash, borrowings under construction loans to fund new real estate development and construction, borrowings available under our credit facility and proceeds from the sale of common stock through our new at-the-market continuous equity offering program ("New ATM Program"), which is discussed below.

Our long-term liquidity needs consist primarily of funds necessary for the repayment of debt at or prior to maturity, general contracting expenses, property development and acquisitions, tenant improvements and capital improvements. We expect to meet our long-term liquidity requirements with net cash from operations, long-term secured and unsecured indebtedness and the issuance of equity and debt securities. We also may fund property development and acquisitions and capital improvements using our credit facility pending long-term financing.

As of September 30, 2016, we had unrestricted cash and cash equivalents of \$23.9 million available for both current liquidity needs as well as development activities. We also had restricted cash of \$3.5 million available for property improvements and required maintenance. As of September 30, 2016, we had \$48.0 million of available borrowings under our credit facility and \$23.9 million available for future issuance under our New ATM Program to meet our short-term liquidity requirements.

ATM Equity Offering Programs

On May 4, 2016, we commenced a new at-the-market continuous equity offering program (the "New ATM Program") through which we may, from time to time, issue and sell shares of common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$75.0 million. Upon commencing our New ATM Program, we simultaneously terminated our prior \$50.0 million at-the-market continuous equity offering program (the "Prior ATM Program"), which we entered into in May 2015 and under which we sold an aggregate of 2,261,068 shares of common stock, resulting in aggregate net proceeds of \$23.1 million. Our sale of shares under the New ATM Program will depend on a variety of factors, including among other things, market conditions, the trading price of our common stock, capital needs and our determination of appropriate sources of funding. We have no obligation to sell any shares and may at any time suspend or terminate the New ATM Program. Each of our sales agents are entitled to a commission of up to 1.5% of the gross offering proceeds of shares that they sell through the New ATM Program. We intend to use any net proceeds from the sale of shares through the New ATM Program to fund development or redevelopment activities, fund potential acquisition opportunities, repay indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under our credit facility, or for general corporate purposes. In the three months ended September 30, 2016, we raised \$19.9 million of gross proceeds at a weighted average price of \$13.93 per share under the New ATM Program, resulting in net proceeds after offering costs and commissions of \$19.5 million.

Credit Facility

On February 20, 2015, we entered into a \$200.0 million senior unsecured credit facility that includes a \$150.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility and a \$50.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility. The credit facility replaced the prior \$155.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility that was scheduled to mature on May 13, 2016. We intend to use future borrowings under the credit facility for general corporate purposes, including funding acquisitions, development and redevelopment of properties in our portfolio and for working capital.

The credit facility includes an accordion feature that allows the total commitments to be increased to \$350.0 million, subject to certain conditions. On January 5, 2016 and March 31, 2016, we increased the total borrowing capacity to \$225.0 million and \$250.0 million, respectively, using this feature. The amount permitted to be borrowed under the credit facility, together with all of our other unsecured indebtedness, is generally limited to the lesser of: (i) 60% of the value of our unencumbered borrowing base properties, (ii) the maximum amount of principal that would result in a debt service coverage ratio of 1.50 to 1.0, and (iii) the maximum aggregate loan commitment, which currently is \$250.0 million.

The revolving credit facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2019, with a one-year extension option, subject to certain conditions. The term loan facility has a scheduled maturity date of February 20, 2020. We may, at any time, voluntarily prepay any loan under the credit facility in whole or in part without premium or penalty.

The revolving credit facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.40% to 2.00%, depending on our total leverage. The term loan facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.35% to 1.95%, depending on our total leverage. We are also obligated to pay an unused commitment fee of 15 or 25 basis points on the unused portions of the commitments under the credit facility, depending on the amount of borrowings under the credit facility. If we attain investment grade credit ratings from S&P and Moody's, we may elect to have borrowings become subject to interest rates based on our credit ratings.

On February 25, 2016, we entered into an amendment to the credit facility to, among other things, amend the maximum leverage ratio as set forth below.

The credit facility requires us to comply with various financial covenants, affirmative covenants and other restrictions, including the following:

- Total leverage ratio of the Company of not more than 60% (or 65% for the two consecutive quarters following any acquisition that is equal to or greater than 10% of our total asset value (as defined in the credit agreement), but only up to two times during the term of the credit facility);
- Ratio of adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges of the Company of not less than 1.50 to 1.0;
- Tangible net worth of not less than the sum of \$220.0 million and 75% of the net equity proceeds received after December 31, 2014;
- Ratio of variable rate indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 30%;
- Ratio of secured indebtedness to total asset value of not more than 45%; and
- Ratio of secured recourse debt to total asset value of not more than 25%.

The credit facility limits our ability to pay cash dividends. However, so long as no default or event of default exists, the credit agreement allows us to pay cash dividends with respect to any 12-month period in an amount not to exceed the greater of: (i) 95% of adjusted funds from operations (as defined in the credit agreement) or (ii) the amount required for us (a) to maintain our status as a REIT and (b) to avoid income or excise tax under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If certain defaults or events of default exist, we may pay cash dividends with respect to any 12-month period to the extent necessary to maintain our status as a REIT. The credit facility also restricts the amount of capital that we can invest in specific categories of assets, such as unimproved land holdings, development properties, notes receivable, mortgages, mezzanine loans and unconsolidated affiliates.

We are currently in compliance with all covenants under the credit facility.

Consolidated Indebtedness

The following table sets forth our consolidated indebtedness as of September 30, 2016 (\$ in thousands):

	Amount utstanding	Interest Rate(a)	Effective Rate for Variable Debt	Maturity Date	Balance at Maturity
Secured Debt					
249 Central Park Retail	\$ 17,132	LIBOR+1.95	2.47%	September 10, 2021	\$ 15,959
South Retail	7,517	LIBOR+1.95	2.47%	September 10, 2021	7,002
Fountain Plaza Retail	10,314	LIBOR+1.95	2.47%	September 10, 2021	9,608
4525 Main Street	32,034	0.0325		September 10, 2021	30,774
Encore Apartments	24,966	0.0325		September 10, 2021	24,006
North Point Note 5	649	LIBOR+2.00	3.57% (b)	February 1, 2017	641
Harrisonburg Regal	3,309	6.06		June 8, 2017	3,165
Commonwealth of Virginia – Chesapeake	4,933	LIBOR+1.90	2.42%	August 28, 2017	4,933
Hanbury Village	20,777	6.67		October 11, 2017	20,499
Lightfoot Marketplace	11,469	LIBOR+1.90	2.42%	November 14, 2017	11,469
Sandbridge Commons	9,435	LIBOR+1.85	2.37%	January 17, 2018	9,009
Southgate Square	21,150	LIBOR+2.00	2.52%	April 29, 2021	20,665
Columbus Village Note 1	6,303	LIBOR+2.00	3.05% (b)	April 5, 2018	5,891
Columbus Village Note 2	2,276	LIBOR+2.00	2.52%	April 5, 2018	2,108
Johns Hopkins Village	40,818	LIBOR+1.90	2.42%	July 30, 2018	40,818
North Point Note 1	9,825	6.45		February 5, 2019	9,333
Socastee Commons	4,890 ((c) 4.57		January 6, 2023	4,223
North Point Note 2	2,589	7.25		September 15, 2025	1,344
Smith's Landing	20,694	4.05		June 1, 2035	_
Liberty Apartments	20,084 ((c) 5.66		November 1, 2043	_
The Cosmopolitan	46,045	3.75		July 1, 2051	_
Total secured debt	\$ 317,209				\$ 221,447
Unsecured Debt					
Revolving credit facility	102,000	LIBOR+1.40 to 2.00	2.07%	February 20, 2019	107,000
Term loan	50,000	LIBOR+1.35 to 1.95	2.02%	February 20, 2020	50,000
Term loan	50,000	LIBOR+1.35 to 1.95	3.70% (b)	February 20, 2020	50,000
Total unsecured debt	\$ 202,000				\$ 207,000
Unamortized GAAP adjustments	 (5,216)				_
Indebtedness, net	\$ 513,993				\$ 428,447

⁽a) LIBOR rate is determined by individual lenders.

We are currently in compliance with all covenants on our outstanding indebtedness.

⁽b) Subject to an interest rate swap agreement.

⁽c) Principal balance excluding fair value adjustments.

As of September 30, 2016, our principal payments during the following years are as follows (\$ in thousands):

Year ⁽¹⁾	Amount Due	Percentage of Total
2016	\$ 92	2 —%
2017	44,46	4 9%
2018	61,50	5 12%
2019	114,81	8 22%
2020	104,48	2 20%
Thereafter	193,01	8 37%
	\$ 519,20	9 100%

(1) Does not reflect the effect of any maturity extension options.

Interest Rate Derivatives

We may use interest rate derivatives from time to time to manage our exposure to interest rate risks. Using an interest rate swap, we fixed our interest payments under North Point Center Note 5 at 3.57% through maturity on February 1, 2017.

On February 20, 2015, we entered into a \$50.0 million floating-to-fixed interest rate swap attributable to one-month LIBOR indexed interest payments. The \$50.0 million interest rate swap has a fixed rate of 2.00%, an effective date of March 1, 2016 and a maturity date of February 20, 2020. We entered into this interest rate swap agreement in connection with the \$50.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility that bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.35% to 1.95%, depending on our total leverage.

On July 13, 2015, we entered into a \$6.5 million floating-to-fixed interest rate swap attributable to one-month LIBOR indexed interest payments. The \$6.5 million interest rate swap has a fixed rate of 3.05%, an effective date of July 13, 2015 and a maturity date of April 5, 2018.

As of September 30, 2016, we were party to the following LIBOR interest rate cap agreements (\$ in thousands):

Effective Date	Maturity Date	Strike Rate	Notional Amount
March 14, 2014	March 1, 2017	1.25%	50,000
October 26, 2015	October 15, 2017	1.25%	75,000
February 25, 2016	March 1, 2018	1.50%	75,000
June 17, 2016	June 17, 2018	1.00%	70,000
Total			\$ 270,000

As of September 30, 2016, the notional amounts of our LIBOR interest rate cap agreements with strike rates below and above 1.25% were as follows (\$ in thousands):

Strike Rate	No	tional Amount
≤ 1.25%	\$	195,000
> 1.25%		75,000
Total	\$	270,000

On February 25, 2016, we entered into a LIBOR interest rate cap agreement on a notional amount of \$75.0 million at a strike rate of 1.50% for a premium of less than \$0.1 million. The interest rate cap agreement expires on March 1, 2018.

On June 17, 2016, we entered into a LIBOR interest rate cap agreement on a notional amount of \$70.0 million at a strike rate of 1.00% for a premium of less than \$0.1 million. The interest rate cap agreement expires on June 17, 2018.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have entered into standby letters of credit relating to the guarantee of future performance on certain of our construction contracts. Letters of credit generally are available for draw down in the event we do not perform. As of September 30, 2016, we had aggregate outstanding standby letters of credit totaling \$2.0 million that expire during 2016.

However, any of our standby letters of credit may be renewed for additional periods until completion of the underlying contractual obligation.

Cash Flows

	 Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	 2016		2015	Change		
	(\$ in thousands)					
Operating Activities	\$ 38,782	\$	17,624	\$	21,158	
Investing Activities	(187,681)		(60,655)		(127,026)	
Financing Activities	145,800		32,339		113,461	
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ (3,099)	\$	(10,692)	\$	7,593	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	\$ 26,989	\$	25,883			
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 23,890	\$	15,191			

Net cash provided by operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 120% compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015, primarily as a result of increased net cash collected under our construction contracts and increased depreciation and amortization. This increase was offset by a \$17.0 million increase in the gain on real estate dispositions in 2016 when compared to the dispositions which occurred in 2015.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we invested 209% more cash compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015, primarily as a result of our acquisitions of the 11 asset retail portfolio, Southgate Square and Southshore Shops, coupled with the mezzanine financing in Annapolis Junction.

Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased 351% compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015, primarily as a result of net proceeds from common stock sales and increased borrowing on the credit facility and refinancings.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We calculate FFO in accordance with the standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"). NAREIT defines FFO as net income (loss) (calculated in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of deferred financing costs) and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

FFO is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure. Management uses FFO as a supplemental performance measure because we believe that FFO is beneficial to investors as a starting point in measuring our operational performance. Specifically, in excluding real estate related depreciation and amortization and gains and losses from property dispositions, which do not relate to or are not indicative of operating performance, FFO provides a performance measure that, when compared year-over-year, captures trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs. We also believe that, as a widely recognized measure of the performance of REITs, FFO will be used by investors as a basis to compare our operating performance with that of other REITs.

However, because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization and captures neither the changes in the value of our properties that result from use or market conditions nor the level of capital expenditures and leasing commissions necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties, all of which have real economic effects and could materially impact our results from operations, the utility of FFO as a measure of our performance is limited. In addition, other equity REITs may not calculate FFO in accordance with the NAREIT definition as we do, and, accordingly, our calculation of FFO may not be comparable to such other REITs' calculation of FFO. Accordingly, FFO should be considered only as a supplement to net income as a measure of our performance. FFO should not be used as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to pay dividends or service indebtedness. Also, FFO should not be used as a supplement to or substitute for cash flow from operating activities computed in accordance with GAAP.

We also believe that the computation of FFO in accordance with NAREIT's definition includes certain items that are not indicative of the results provided by the Company's operating property portfolio and affect the comparability of the Company's year-over-year performance. Accordingly, management believes that Normalized FFO is a more useful performance

measure that excludes certain items, including but not limited to, debt extinguishment losses and prepayment penalties, property acquisition, development and other pursuit costs, mark-to-market adjustments for interest rate derivatives and other non-comparable items.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of FFO and Normalized FFO for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP equivalent:

	<u>.</u>	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	_	2016 2		2015	2016		2015		
		(unaudited, \$ in t				ousands)			
Net income	\$	7,946	\$	4,337	\$	37,610	\$	22,740	
Depreciation and amortization		8,885		6,317		25,636		16,991	
Gain on real estate dispositions		(3,753)		_		(30,010)		(13,407)	
Funds from operations	\$	13,078	\$	10,654	\$	33,236	\$	26,324	
Acquisition, development and other pursuit costs		345		288		1,486		1,050	
Impairment charges		149		_		184		23	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		82		3		82		410	
Change in fair value of interest rate derivatives	\$	(498)	\$	51	\$	2,264	\$	238	
Normalized funds from operations	\$	13,156	\$	10,996	\$	37,252	\$	28,045	
FFO per diluted share	\$	0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.68	\$	0.65	
Normalized FFO per diluted share	\$	0.26	\$	0.26	\$	0.76	\$	0.69	
Weighted average common shares - diluted		51,512		41,877		48,869		40,691	

The adjustment for gain on real estate dispositions excludes the gain on the Newport News Economic Authority building because this building was sold before being placed in service.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to exercise our best judgment in making estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We base our estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, based upon then-currently available information. Actual results could differ from these estimates. We discuss the accounting policies and estimates that are most critical to understanding our reported financial results in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The primary market risk to which we are exposed is interest rate risk. Our primary interest rate exposure is LIBOR. We primarily use fixed interest rate financing to manage our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. On a limited basis, we also use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate risk. We do not use these derivatives for trading or other speculative purposes.

At September 30, 2016, approximately \$242.2 million, or 46.6%, of our debt had fixed interest rates and approximately \$277.0 million, or 53.4%, had variable interest rates. Assuming no increase in the level of our variable rate debt, if interest rates increased by 1.0%, our cash flow would decrease by approximately \$2.8 million per year. At September 30, 2016, LIBOR was approximately 52 basis points. Assuming no increase in the level of our variable rate debt, if LIBOR was reduced to 0 basis points, our cash flow would increase by approximately \$1.5 million per year.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management,

including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

We have carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, regarding the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2016, the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded, as of September 30, 2016, that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act: (i) is processed, recorded, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes to our internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not currently a party, as plaintiff or defendant, to any legal proceedings that we believe to be material or which, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations if determined adversely to us. We may be subject to on-going litigation relating to our portfolio and the properties comprising our portfolio, and we expect to otherwise be party from time to time to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

None.

Item 3. Defaults on Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed in the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed, furnished or incorporated by reference (as applicable) as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Date: November 2, 2016

Date: November 2, 2016

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ARMADA HOFFLER PROPERTIES, INC.

/s/ LOUIS S. HADDAD

Louis S. Haddad

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ MICHAEL P. O'HARA

Michael P. O'Hara

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.	Description
15.1	Acknowledgment of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase

Acknowledgment of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Stockholders and Board of Directors of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc.

We are aware of the incorporation by reference of our reports dated May 4, 2016, August 3, 2016 and November 2, 2016 relating to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. that are included in its Forms 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2016, June 30, 2016 and September 30, 2016 in the following Registration Statements of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc:

- 333-188545 on Form S-8, dated May 10, 2013
- 333-196473 on Form S-3, dated June 2, 2014
- 333-204063 on Form S-3, dated May 11, 2015 and June 1, 2015 (Amendment No. 1)
- 333-214176 on Form S-3, dated October 19, 2016

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

McLean, Virginia November 2, 2016

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Louis S. Haddad, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2016 /s/ LOUIS S. HADDAD

Louis S. Haddad

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael P. O'Hara, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc.
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 2, 2016 /s/ MICHAEL P. O'HARA

Michael P. O'Hara

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned, Louis S. Haddad, the President and Chief Executive Officer of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge:

- 1. the Quarterly Report for the period ended September 30, 2016 of the Company (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 2, 2016 /s/ LOUIS S. HADDAD

Louis S. Haddad

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned, Michael P. O'Hara, the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Armada Hoffler Properties, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge:

- 1. the Quarterly Report for the period ended September 30, 2016 of the Company (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 2, 2016 /s/ MICHAEL P. O'HARA

Michael P. O'Hara

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer